A HINT AT SOMETHING WRONG

CONSPIRACY AGAINST MR. CHAMPLEN

The committee of teachers of the white schools of Washington and Georgetown re sumed its examination of the charges against

EFFORT TO COERCE THE BOARD

Mr. John E. Thompson last evening. Mrs. Martin, principal of the Female Gram mar school of the Fourth district, testified that she had been so employed for about five years. The regular annual written examination was held in witness' school, and in the Male Grammar school at the close of the last school year. Mr. Edward Thompson conducted the examination in her school, and witness conducted the examination in Mr. Thompson's school. In the examination in Thompson's school witness observed some communication among the boys; spoke to Mr. Thompson about it, and the boys were detained after school; witness though that the erder was as good that day as usual; witness did not know what was Mr. Thompson's course when the matter of communicating among the boys was brought to his notice; witness took charge and corrected Mr. Thompson's examination papers for the first day; had particular reasons for not examining the rest; thought that it would be more satisfactory if Mr. Eddie Thompson examined the rest, and left them with him; some of the witness' papers were examined by Mr. Thompson and some by herself; Mr. Thompson made out his own report The report of the examination of Mr. Thomp son's school, signed by witness' name, was shown to witness, who said that the name was not in her handwriting.

HIGH PERCENTAGE.

Trustee Randolph read the reports of the ercentage sitained in the Grammar schools f the different districts, which gave the Fourth district a percentage sixteen per cent higher than any other school. He explained higher than any other school. He explained that the committee, upon comparing the percentage, thought it would be well to learn how the examinations were conducted.

The percentages of the Female Grammur schools were read, giving Mrs. Martin's school a superior percentage. Mrs. Martin explained that she thought the percentage would be higher if Mr. Thousson had examined the higher if Mr. Thompson had examined the papers and made the report. Witness first suggested that Mr. Thompson should examine his own papers. Witness did not accept Mr.

Thompson's report as her own. Mr. Thomp son sent to her to know if he should sign he name to the paper, and she replied that he could do as he pleased. Did not think that she would have signed the report unless she had made the averages herself. It had not been the custom previous to this year for Mr. Thompson and witness to examine their own Superintendent Wilson explanation, as to Trustee Lloyd, that for particular reasons Mr. Gage and Mrs. Lane, in the Second distance of the control of the con erintendent Wilson explained in answer

trict, examined their own reports and signed their own names. Witness suggested the change because she thought it would be more pleasant; thought that Mr. Eddie Thompson was not satisfied with some of her markings. Witness had not seen the examination papers for the three days prior to the first day of the

EXAMINATION PAPERS. Superintendent Wilson explained that the papers were sent scaled to the supervising rincipals, with instructions not to open them until the day of the examinations. Witness did not consider the papers a secret, and some other teachers had seen them in her possession, but none of her scholars had seen them

Witness supposed her name was signed by Mr. Mr. Tho mpson explained the system marking that both he and Mrs. Martin had Martin on the second day of the examinations suggested that each teacher would be better able to mark his own papers, as, knowing the ations of the pupils, he or she would efect the results

Mrs. Martin corroborated this explanation, and testified further that she examined the boys' school the year before: some papers had been given out the first day by mistake which ought not to have been given out that day.

Mr. Thompson explained this matter A number of papers had been laid on the boys' desks before it was discovered that the wrong papers had been distributed. He had gathered the papers up again immediately. He was afterwards informed that one of the poys had gotten one of the slips and kept it. He had afterwards judged that the unfortu-nate mistake made about ten per cent. differ-ence in the percentage of the school, and re-ported the fact to Superintendent Wilson. His own belief was that the percentages in his own district could not be reduced by the most

rigid marking to exceed ten percent. Upon his honor, he believed the napers were marked at as fairly as papers are generally marked. Trustee Rando'ph referred to the fact that Mr. Gage's percentage, calculated by himself, was 61 and Mr. Thompson's was 81, and asked if Mr. Thompson thought that both were subjected to the same rigid marking.

Mr. Thompson continued: He had not given the questions to his son. He had taken them home and brought down each day's papers as they were required, in order to present any such mistake as had occurred the year before. He had kept them open at home, and his son had seen them before the examinations. He had full confidence in his son, and would not have hesitated in giving the papers to him any more than in giving them to Mrs. Martin. He had no plan or intention of raising the percentage of his school; he had no such intention. He did not believe there ever was in a school a perfectly honest.

SQUARE WEITTEN EXAMINATION. It was almost impossible to stop communica tion and prevent the pupils from havior access to books. He always maintained that the papers should be examined by an unknown party not specially interested in the school. It was impossible to defeat the shrewdness or one pupils, who had dumb signs and other modes of communication. He had used great diffspecial pains to have all books removed from the school room. He would be very happy to have his papers examined by an expert. had seen nothing of Mrs. Martin's papers after the first day, and knew nothing personally of the marking of the Male Grammar school

Mr. Ed. Thompson.
Superintendent Wilson testified that the instructions to the supervising principals regard-ing the examinations this last year were that the teachers should be interchanged. He had stated then that the plan of each teacher marking his own examinations would give rise to the suspicion of too liberal marking. The questions were sealed and properly marked. Nothing was said about opening the papers, but he had taken it for granted that each principal would see that no pupils were al-lowed to see them. He would have had no objections to having them opened by their prin cipals for their own inspection. If the princ cipals for their own inspection. If the princi-pals wished there were many ways in which he could aid the pupils. If an answer was uniformly correct he would presume that the pupils had been especially instructed on that particular subject, or that there had been communication among the pupils. There were cases sometimes where certain questions happened to hit upon a subject which had been re viewed just before the examination.

MR. THOS. PLOWMAN, inspector of public buildings, was sworn: Was first called to the Jefferson building the latter part of August, 1874, was directed by the engineer to make certain examinations of the building in relation to certain repairs to be made; the repairs were made and completed about the let of September of that year; the character of the repairs were an overhauling of the doors and windows, making alterations in the water closets, putting in wire screens, and in the other schools water closets were erected. He was directed by engineer to make limited repairs when necessary without further instructions. Mr. Lloyd and Mr. Thompson came to him at one time in reference to repair-ing the blackboards, and he had gone over to the building and found in some rooms that the blackboards had been damaged by frost. He had sent a man to estimate the cost of repairs, who had estimated it at \$50, and be ordered kim to go on with it. Soon after, Mr. Peraer, the janitor, came to him, and said that ne had orders from Mr. Champlin not to allow any work to go on in the building without at order from him (Mr. C.) Mr. Plowman went on to state that he afterwards met Mr. Champ-lin at the Commissioner's, where that genite-man said that he had heard that he (Mr. P.) was making unnecessary repairs in the build-ing to the amount of \$200 or \$300.

Trustee Hovey entired an objection to this

statement, as it was not pertinent, but his objection was overruled.

Mr. Piowman continued that he had examirel the building again that day and found that there was no more than a

REASONABLE WEAR AND TEAR about the building. The repairing of the plaster two years ago was estimated at \$15,

and it would not require much more. At the former visit he had examined the furniture, and had again "xamined it that day, and was surprised to find it in such good condi-tion. He had examined the water closels two years ago and again that day, and found them in the same relative condition. He had no doubt that much damage was done by outsiders. The building to-day was in a better condition than it was two years ago. Considering the circumstances, the water-closets at the Jefferson building were always inferior to those of the other schools. There was a play-ground between the building and the water-closets. He had reported to the Commissioners the fact that the water-closets INSPECTOR PLOWMAN'S TESTIMONY could never be kept in proper condition while they were in their present location. No re-pairs to the water-closets had been made

> PORRIDDEN GROUND. Trustee Lloyd. Do you know of any property having been taken from that district? Mr. Plowman. The window guards were taken away by Mr. Champlin.
>
> Trustee Hovey objected immediately, saying that there was a persistent attempt to attack

Mr. Champlin. Trustee Lloyd stated that he wished to show Trustee Lloyd stated that he wished to show that Mr. Champlin had given away \$290 worth of school property, but he submitted to the committee, and the testimony was not heard. Ex. Trustee Joseph M. Wilson stated that the condition of the Jefferson building, when he was trustee two years ago, was satisfactory, but he had not been in often thee; had been there at the last examination, and saw no inthere at the last examination, and saw no indication of carelessness or destructiveness. When witness was a trustee of the board he had recommended Mr. Thompson three successive times, and that was a reflection of his opinion of Mr. Thompson. Witness was entirely satisfied with Mr. Thompson all the time he was trustee. Mr. Thompson was not supervising principal at that time. Witness took charge of the last closing examination, and the examination was perfectly satisfactory to him. The boys were respectful and orderly, and answered promptly and satisfactority.

Ex. Trustee W. H. Cook testified that during his service on the board he had regarded Mr. Thompson as an efficient teacher; remembered the printed rales which were furnished. cessive times, and that was a reflection of his bered the printed rules which were furnished

about 1873. At that time the sub-board gave Mr. Thompson to understand that he was re-sponsible for the discipline of the school, but not for the care of the buildings: believed that if the people of the Island were consulted three fourths, and perhaps a larger proportion, of them would vote to retain Mr. Thompson. Joseph L. Pearson testified that he had Joseph L. Pearson testined that he had been living on the Island twenty or thirty years. Visited the Jefferson building occa-sionally, but never saw any destruction of property. He had talked about the matter a good deal, and was unable to find rore than two or three who opposed Mr. Thompson. Trustee B. F. Packard was recalled by Trustee Hovey.

Trustee Hovey.
Trustee Lloyd objected to Trustee Packard's Trustee Lloyd objected to trustee rackard's retailing a private conversation.

Trustee Hovey explained what Trustee Packard would testify to, and said that he wanted to show that Mr. Thompson had made threats and was willing to spend money to control the board. control the board.

Trustee Lloyd held that what Mr. Thompson had said in the warmth of conversation had nothing to do with his competency or incom-

petency as a teacher. A CONSPIRACY.

Trustee Hovey read the following closing portion of a communication filed with the committee by Trustee Champlin, and showing his re. sons for not voling for John E. Thompson:

A. Mr. Thompson has aurounced that his friends, if he is not re-elected, will take the matter in hand, and will have a certain trustee. matter in hand, and will have a certain trustee (mearing me) put out of office in less than ten days. I don't propose to black Champlin's boots, and will spend \$500 to show him up and

maintain my cause.

B. His "next friend," Mr. Crosby Noyes, has already begun the "showing up" business by printing and publishing in his newspaper a scurrifous attack on me.—Star, July 1.

C. His "next friend" has also taken the whole board in hand, and has printed and published in his newspaper injurious alliera. published to his newspaper injurious allega-tions against its members indiscriminately, (no one is named,) which allegations are, so far as I know and believe, wholly untrue. The article referred to, (Star, June 30.) and others subrequently printed and published, in-dicate a conspiracy between Mr. John E. Thompson and his "next friend" to coerce the board into the re-election of said Thompson whether they can conscientionaly do so or not

THAT CONVERSATION. Trustee Packard was then allowed to testify, beginning where he was interrupted Tuesday evening. He said that Mr. Thompson used the following language to him, which he immediately asterwards wrote down: "If I am not re-elected, or put back in that school, my friends will take the matter in the'r hands, and have Mr. Champlin out of office in less than ten days. I don't propose to black Champlin's boots, and will spend five hundred

Mr. Thompson stated his version of the con versation to the effect that he had said that the relations between himself and Mr. Champin were entirely personal; that he believed that if Mr. C. continued to misrepresent the facts connected with his school the people down there would effect his removal; had no said that he would spend money to effect his removal; might have said that he would not soure money to expose the falsehoods which Mr. Champlin originated; generally felt exitement when speaking of Mr. Champlin thought that the reference about blacking Mr. Champlin's boots was an entire fabrication; was not in the habit of talking in that way; the whole drift of the conversation was to try to convince Mr. Packard that the matter be-tween himself and Champlin was entirely a

personal matter. He depied the assertion about spending \$500. He thought at that time that Mr. Packard was irlendly to him, but at present his opinion was quite the reverse. If he had spoken of spendng money it was to show up certain things in the newspapers, not by buying editors, but by paying for space. He indicated the sentiment that he would not beg anything at Mr. Champ

Trustee Lloyd read a letter from ex-Trustee Joseph E. F. Holland, who was absent from the city, testilying to Mr. Thompson's high haracter as a teacher, and a conversation bethe latter had said that there would be a funeral between himself and Mr. Thompson. Trustee Dyer examined Mr. Thompson as to his employment outside of his school duties. It was elected that he was a member of three

It was effected that he was a memoer of three building associations, which occupied three or four evenings of his time during the month. He was secretary of all, and received salaries altogether amounting to \$1,250.

Mr. John Joy Eddon was called by Trustee llovey, as an expert, to show how much time was usually employed by secretaries of build-ing as cefations, but objection was raised and he was not allowed to proceed.

Charles living, colored, estified that the toys of the Jefferson building habitually aunoyed him by throwing stones. Had pointed out the boy at one time, but Mr. Thompson told him that he would have to get a warrant. After some discussion the committee journed until this evening.

Potomac Fruit Growers.

Tuerday at 12 o'clock a meeting of the Potomac Fruit Growers was held at the Board of Trade rooms. Judge Gray presided, and Mr. J. C. Snodgrars acted as secretary. A communication was received from the Woodlawn Farmers' Club, stating that they would hold a regular meeting on the 5th proximo on board of the steamer Mary Washington, which will also be an annual meeting. and asked the attendance of the association to aid in making it a success, and attend the ex-cursion to Quantico. The letter was approved, and the secretary authorized to advertise it, the association having decided to attend.

A letter was read, which was received from
Mr. C. Gillingham on the subject of "ti e pear It was referred to a scientific committee.

comprised of Professors Taylo; and Brainard and Mr. John Saui. Judge Gray read an essay composed upon the "Cultivation of the Grape." It was a fine production, treating of the grape in health

Mr. John Saul was authorized to prepare a paper upon "The most profitable pours," to present at the next meeting. The association then tested the merits of the different fruits on exhibition, which was a fine display, after which they adjourned.

Grand Picnic of St. Peter's Church The members of St. Peter's church, East Washington, will give a picnic this evening at Beyer's Seventh-street park, and the gentlemen having it in charge promise all who attend an evening of rare enjoyment. The object for which the picnic is given is a charitable one, and will attract many; but the additional fact that their worthy pastor, Rev Dr. F. E. Boyle, who is considered one of the brightest lecturers and pulpit orators in the country, and who has returned to the city en-tirely recovered from his recent indisposition, will be present, will cause his parishioners and host of friends in the city to turn out es masse to welcome him home. The admission has also been placed at the low price of 25 cents, which is an additional incentive to those in search of an evening's pleasure. The refreshment tables will be in charge of the la-

dies of the congregation. Left on Hand-Uncalled-for Orders \$15 Pantaloons (6 pairs) at \$7.50. \$12 Pantaloons (4 pairs) at \$6. \$13 Pantaloons (8 pairs) at \$6.50. Can be seen in Tailoring Department at A. Saks & Co.'s, 316 Seventh street. THE OLDEST INHABITANTS. LOCAL MISCELLANY.

Meeting of the Society Yesterday. Yesterday afternoon a meeting of the Oldest Inhabitants was held in the City Hall; Dr. J.

B. Blake in the chair, and Gen. Horatio N. Easby secretary. After the regular routine business was gon through with the following letter was read from the President, thanking the association for their invitation to attend the Centennial

EXECUTIVE MANSION, Washington, June, 1876. \{
DEAR SIR: The President desires me to ex ress his sincere thanks for the kind invitation the Society of Oldest Inhabitants to be present at their Centennial anniversary of American Independence.

He regrets that his engagements will not

permit him to accept.
I am, very respectfully yours,
U. S. GRANT, JR., Secretary.
To Jno. B. Blake, Esq., President, &c., City. The following resolutions were offered and

The following resolutions were offered and adopted:

\*\*Riccolved\*\*, That the society feel under great obligations to Lawrence A. Gobright, esq., for the able, interesting, novel and eloquent oration which he delivered on the occasion of our celebration of the Centennial anniversary of the netivity of American freedom.

\*\*Recolved\*\*, That the thanks of the Society of Oldest Inability of the District of Columbia. Oldest Inhabitants of the District of Columbi be, and they are hereby, presented to H. Clay Ford, esq., for his kind consideration and pa-triotic generosity in tendering to the society

the gratuitous use of his opera-house for their celebration on the Centennial anniversary of American Independence.

Resolved, That we cordially thank Colonel Horatio N. Easby for the impressive manner in which he read the Declaration of Indepen-dence, and for his interesting historical sketch of the city of Washington that he read on the same occasion, and which he had carefully pro-pared at the request of the committee of ar-rangements, in compliance with the presi-dent's proclamation inviting such papers from

the cities, countles and other com he country generally.

Resolved, That the Society of the Oldest Inhabitante congratulate the people of the coun-try on the certainty of having the Washington monument completed by the combined contri-butions of the Government, the State associa tions and all patriotic citizens in their individ ual capacities, rs provided in the recent act of Congress, entitled "An act to complete the Washington monument in the city of Wash-

The following resolutions were offered and adopted upon the death of

JOHN MARBURY. Resolved, That in humbly bowing to this visitation of Divine Providence we realize the loss which our association and the entire community have sustained in the death of Mr Markury at the age of cighty-four years, espe-cially when we recall to mind his exemplar-carrier of more than half a century in the Dis trict as a distinguished member of the legal profession, an upright and honest citizen and a conscientious Christian gentleman, wao, though his life wesex ended far beyond man's allotted porifes, has, in his demise, left a vold arious porces, ass, in his dem'se, left a void it will be difficult to fill.

Resolved, That we tender to the bereaved family of the decessed our condolence, and that a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to them.

The following were offered and adopted upon the death of ENOCH WHITE.

Resolved, That we deeply lament the death of so good a cit'zen and workly member of society.

Resolved, That we heartily sympathize with his family in being hereft of one they so much loved and revered. Resolved, That as a further testimonial of our respect for his memory we will wear the usual badge of mourning, and that his family be furnished with a copy of these proceedings

Upon the death of Samuel Stettinius the ollowing resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we feelingly lament the death of so good a citizen and member of our society, and heartily sympathize with his family in their bereavement. Resolved, That as a further testimonial of our respect for bis memory we will wear the usual budge of mourning, and that a copy of

these proceedings be sent to his family.

Appropriate culogies were offered by different members of the association, showing their deep and heartfelt regret for the loss of their associates, and the estimation and esteem in which the deceased were regarded. The association then proceeded to the election of the following officers for the ensuing year: Dr. John B. Blake, president; Jenkin Thomas, Francis Hanna, John D. Clark, Wm. H. Williams, Peter M. Pearson, John Purdy, Chancey Bestor, Dr. Wm. Gunton, Erastus J. Middleton, John W. Martin, Dr. Wm. Waters, James Adams, Lambert Tree, vice presidents; G. Bruff, corresponding secretary; Horatio N. Easty, recording secretary; Nicholas Callan, treasurer; Seraphim Masi, marshal.

Appropriate remarks were made upon the acceptance of the different officers, and the meeting adjourned. HOOSIERS ALIVE.

Meeting of the Indiana Republicans-Compli-

ments to Senator Morton and Gen. Tyner-Knights of the Golden Circle. A meeting of the Indiana Republican Club was held at Le Droit building last night; John A. Shauklin in the chair, and Wm. M. Bass

secretary. The treasurer made a financial statement, which was adopted. The vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Hon. John C. New as president was filled by the unanimous election of Mr. J. C. Bur-

Mr. B. E. Catlin offered a series of resolutions, which were adopted. The first congrat ulates the people of Indiana upon the accession of Mr. Typer to the Cabinet, and pays a very high and well-deserved compliment to the Postmaster General for past public services. The second awards thanks and high honors to the Republicans from Indiana in the present House. The third is complimentary to Hon. Thomas J. Brady, Second Assistant Postmas-The fourth points with pride to and patriotic record of Indiana's ter General. The fourth points with pride to the splendid and patriotic record of Indiana's distinguished Senator, Hon. O. P. Morton, and pledges him unswerving affection and support.

The following preamble and resolution is commended to the attention of Blue Jean Williams, Tom A. Hendricks, Dan Voorhees &

ENIGHT OF THE GOLDEN CIRCLE Whereas there existed in Indiana during

the year 1863 certain secret orders known as the "Knights of the Golden Circle" and "Sons of Liberty," composed exclusively of members of the Democratic party, organized for the purpose of assassinating the executive of the State, releasing robel prisoners, gaining coutrol of the camps, arms, munitions of war Ac., and placing our State in the hands of the so-called Conf-derate Government; and where-as the Democratic Representatives of our State in their private intercourse with parties unacquainted with the fact are denying that such organizations referred to ever existed, and representing that the action of the executive of the State (Hon. O. P. Morton) in fer retting out and bringing to punishment the leaders of said organizations was solely for personal and political notoriety, and that the people were coerced by the executive to aid him in protecting the State against its inevita-ble ruin and disgrace had the Democracy

succeeded in their plans—
Resolved, That this course adopted by Dem. ocratic Representatives to defame the loya people of Indiana is unjust, and deserves to b enounced, condemned and severely criticised and should be a warning to the people of the duplicity and vile intentions of Democratic duplicity and vile intentions of Democratic politicians during the present campaign. On motion of Mr. Rhinehart, a committee of five was appointed to consult with other com-mittees of similar clubs regarding the selec-tions to be made of persons to be discharged from Departments under the reform legisla on of the Confederate House.

Adjourned. Doctor Hartley's Vitalized Air,

For the speedy and effectual cure of ca tarrh, offensive discharges from the head shattered constitutions, nervous debility (male and female,) consumption and all chronic diseases. Principal and only office 222 South Ninth street, Philadelphia. Packages forwarded by express to any address it the United States.

Removal.

Messrs. T. Edward Clark & Co., the popu lar and enterprising lumber and coal mer chants, have removed their office from over the bank of Washington to No. 603 Pennsylvania avenue, corner of Sixth street. The firm is now offering lumber and coal (see advertise ment) at prices that must recome telves to all in need of such wares.

Fire Insurance. The Firemen's Insurance Company of Washington and Georgetown, D. C., (office over

Bank of Washington,) insures real estate and personal property at low rates, and guarantees prompt payment of losses. For Boys. Broken Suits at far less than half value.

EISEMAN BROS., Corner Seventh and E stre Left on Hand-Uncalled-for Orders. \$40 Black Cloth Coat at \$20. \$40 Blue Cloth Coat at \$20. \$50 Satin-lined Cloth Coat at \$25. Can be seen in Tailoring Department at
A. Saks & Co.'s, 316 Seventh street.

Weather probabilities estimated at 1 a. m .-For South Atlantic and Gulf States, rising or stationary barometer, easterly to southerly winds, stationary or slightly higher temperature and clear or partly cloudy weather will prevail, with occasional coast rains and in the Southwest. For Middle and Eastern States, rising, followed by failing barometer, easterly to southerly winds, stationary or slightly higher temperature, clear or fair weather, an cossibly occasional light rains along the coas

Thermometric readings taken at the Signs Office August 2, 1876: 7 a. m., 660; 7:35 a. m. 66°; 12 m., 76°; 2 p. m., 73°; 4:35 p. m., 71°; 9 p. m., 70°; 11 p. m., 68°; maximum, 72°; minimum, 65°.

For court reports see third page. Behrend's Patent Catarrh Cigar, sure cure The Rifle Club failed to meet at the Board

Trade rooms last night. Left-off clothing, watches, pistols, &c. bought at Herzog's, 917 D street. Orders attended to. All kinds of trunks made to order, renaized

and covered at McMurray's, 805 Pennsylvania avenue, Market space. A fine orchestrion will perform every after noon and evening at Henry Schwarzenberg's Orchestrion Saloon, 405 Eleventh street: Reliable fire insurance. Secure your policies of the Firemen's Insurance Company of

Washington and Georgetown, D. C. Office over Bank of Washington. The excursion of the Woodlawn Farmers Club will take place on Saturday, August 5 on the steamboat Mary Washington, leaving Seventh-street wharf at 9 a. m.

J. H. Squier & Co., bankers 1416 Pennsylvania avenue, pay six per cent. interest on de posits, payable on demand. Special rates on time deposits. Interest paid January and July, or credited. The family festival for the benefit of St

Peter's parish, which was to have taken place at Beger's (Seventh-street) park to-day, has been postponed on account of the weather until August 8. Tuesday evening, about 7 o'clock, Mr. A Steinburg was burned severely about the face

by an explosion of gas at his residence, 620 New York avenue. The explosion was caused by the pipes not being connected. A zegro man, whose name could not be ascertained, was arrested at Surrattsville, it Prince George's county, Md., on Saturday last

on susplicion of being one of the murderers of Everett, rear Glymont. He was committed to jail at Upper Marlboro' for identification. Marriage licenses have been issued to Nor man Pruitt and Rosalind Murray; Samuel S Banks and Abbie Scott; Richard H. Curtis and Lucinda Brown; Claude M. Harringto and Loo Jartoe; Eugene Cadmus and Elisa S. Thomas; John Fitzhugh and Elia M. Dyer; Bennett Warren and Hearietts Dodson.

Last Tuesday night, about 10:30 o'c'ock. Mr. Milton Johnson, a printer employed at the Government printing office, while passing through the Smi heonian grounds, was knocked down and badly beaten by two unknown white men. Officer McNamara found him and assisted him to the street cars.

To-night the mooulight excursion of the Young People's Association of Waugh M. E. church comes off. The steamer Mary Washington is engaged, and those who attend will be amply repaid for their presence, as a most enjoyable time is promised. Be sure to numyourself among those who will call them-

The first August number of the Real Estate Record, published by Messrs. Coldwell & Emmons, is out. A noticeable feature of this issue is an illustration giving the front of the magnificent and imposing building recently erected on F street by B. H. Warner. The Record is a valuable paper to all interested in real estate or law reports.

Justice E. C. Weaver has prepared his opin ion in the case of several members of the Dic trict of Columbia Game Protective Association, under the act for the prevention of cruelty to animals, for wounding a pigeon, causing un necessary p. n, and will announce it as soon as he is able to be out. He will decide that the case comes within the province of the law, and impose a fine, from which judgment an

FIRE COMMISSIONERS.

An Interesting Meeting Last Night. Last night a meeting of the Fire Commisners was held at their room in the Morrison Mr. W. R. Reed acting as secretary. Present: Mesers, Reed, Tait, Morgan and Coilins, After the opening of the meeting the report of the chief engineer was received, as follows:

Honorable Board of Fire Commissioners : GENTLEMEN: I have the honor to submit the following report for the month of July: There were fourteen alarms of fires, which in volved an estimated loss of \$5,300, with at insurance of the sum of \$4,400. I respectfully call the attention of the board to the very dilapidated condition of engine-house No. 2, which requires immediate repairs to make it habitable as well as safe for the men to reside in. The several foremen report the conduct of the men under their charge as good. Their reports are herewith respectfully submitted. MARTIN CRONIN, Chief Engineer.

The report was filed. Commissioner Collins moved that Chief Cronin and the president be appointed a committee to wait upon the Commissioners in regard to the condition of No. 2 engine-house

The following was received from Superinndent Miles, of the fire-slarm telegraph: To the Honorable Commissioners: I have the bonor to report the transmission of fourteen alarms of fire by telegraph during the month of July. It affords me great pleasure to announce the continued reliance of our present system of fire telegraph, and to be able to report the same in first class condition throughout. At a prior meeting of your board I made a special communication in reference to the proposed change of locality of box 17. Your attention is most respectfully directed to the same subject, as set forth in

that report. that report.

With great respect, I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

Superintendent Fire-alarm Telegraph.

The report was received and filed.

Mr. Reed stated that a communication had

been addressed to Mr. Berry asking permission to put the box on Ford's Opera House. The secretary was instructed to notify the superintendent of the fire-alarm telegraph what answer was received. A communication was received from the District Commissioners notifying the board that Mr. Robert Dodge had been appointed as

The following persons made applications for sitions under the Board : Charles A. Lynch, John Kane and Alfred Kirchner. After the transaction of miscellaneous business the board adjourned.

A Rule to Show Cause.

Mrs. Hulda A. Freer, a widow of George reer, a deceased soldier, yesterday filed in the clerk's office a petition for a "rule to show cause" on a clergyman. She sets forth that Freer was a persioner, to whom she was married in December, 1873; that he died in Jan uary, 1876, and she is now entitled to the pen sion, but cannot have her name inscribed or the rene'on roll because the minister who co'cmrized the manilage, Rev. Jacob Wilson will not certify to the fiet, and so she canno procure evidence of her marriage. She then fore prays for a rule to compel him to so cer-tify. Judge Wylie ordered the rule to issue as prayed.

To Richmond for \$3.

Brad Adams says his excursion will start in or shine, so no one will be disappointed. Every arrangement has been made, and the tickets are selling very fast for the cheap ride We savise those going to buy early to avoid the rush on Saturday night at the depot. Bred Adams, at 812 F street, is at home all the time to answer all inquiries regarding it, and our advice is to go and see him immedi-ately. Only \$3 to Richmond and return.

Auction Sales To-day.

By Downman & Green:
At 520 o'clock, valuable improved real estate on the north side of L street, between Third and Fourth northwest, consisting of a two-story frame dwelling and lot. By B. H. Warner: At 5:30 o'clock, valuable improved rea

estate, situated on New Jersey avenue, be ween K and L streets northwest. Left on Hand-Uncalled-for Orders. \$60 Sult at \$30. \$45 Suits (2) at \$22.50.

(second floor.) A. SAKS & Co., 316 Seventh street. Gold's Centennial Elevated Oven Range, Ate Smith, Birge and Co.'s, 1014 Pennsylvania avenue, contains all the laver improved. Heating and Cooking Ranges, with others peculiar to itself, and with Gold's Health, Hygean Wrought Iron Heaters embody avenue, contains all the later improvements in and Tubular Wrought Iron Heaters embody everything that is new and valuable in the pro-

\$35 Suits (3) at \$17.50. Can be seen in our Tailoring Department,

SOUTHERN REPUBLICANS.

ARRAIGNMENT OF DIXIE'S DEMOCRACY

A RECORD OF THEIR DEEDS

LINKED DEVILTRY LONG DRAWN OUT MORBID TASTE FOR NEGRO BLOOD

TRACING THE BOURBONS BY GORY TRACKS

FACTS THAT MAKE A NATION BLUSH

At the regular meeting of the Southern Republican Association of Wa hington, D. C., held on the 1st of August, the following de claration was presented by Mr. Lucien J. Barnes, chairman of the political committee, and unanimously adopted by the association:

Resolved, That we arraign before the country the Democratic party of the Southern States, led and controlled by the wicked and deceitful Lamar, of Miss'ssippi, claiming to have been elected to the United States Senate as the legitimate political descendant and sueessor of Jeff. Davis; Ben Hill and Gordon, of Georgia, the former the defender and APOLOGIST FOR ANDERSONVILLE ATROCITIES

and the slanderer of the people of Elmira, the atter a recognized commander of Ku-Klux in the work of subjugating the loyal supporters of the Government in his own and adjoining States; White-Liners Penn, Wiltz and Mc-Enery, the Mexican revolutionists of Louisiana; Vance, of North Carolina, who proposed to send bloodbounds after the unwilling con scripts who were hiding out to escape Confed-erate service; Tucker, of Virginia, who holds that a justice of the peace in his State may stop, open and examine the United States mails; the unreconstructed Hamptons and Butlers, of South Carolina, and others who are supporting Tilden and Hendricks—these are the parties responsible for the attempt to crush out liberty in the South and secure what they well know cannot be obtained except as hitherto by vio-lence, intimidation and outrage. In the language of the Declaration of Independence, "to prove this, let facts be submitted to a candid world."

Scarcely had the armies of the Union returned from Appomatiox and Vicksburg, to the peaceful pursuits of private life, when the school-houses of the freedmen at Memphis were fired by the torch of hostility to freedom

This was quickly followed by the attack upon the Republican State convention assem-bled in Mcchanics' Institute, in New Orleans, and the assessination, among others, of Dostie, a former citizen of Michigan.

They inaugurated the Ku-Klux campaign of 1868, during which they caused the murder of Congressman James Hinds and three hundred Republicans in the effort to carry Arkansas for Seymour and Blair, and but for the election of Grant, the greatest chieflain of the age, the South would have secured at that me a greater victory than any lost in war.

They converted Republican Georgia into a cliable Democratic State, in many parts of which

DEATH HAS BEEN THE SWIFT reward for attempting to uphold Republican principles or vote a Republican ticket. They have shocked and outraged humanity

by wholesale political murders at Vicksburg and along the Yazoo, in Mississippl; in Caddo and Grant parishes, in Louisiana; in Pope, Johnson, Drew and White counties, in Arkansas, and perhaps in every State south of the Ohio and the Potomac.

They have controlled Alabama by establishing a reign of terrorism and viol nee, and

by seizing the polling places, as at Eufaia, and murdering the election officers while in the performance of duty, and shooting down offi-cers in charge of the United States mails. They levied war against the legal State government of Louisiana, peacefully supported by a clear and undoubled majority of her citithey overthrew the State government Arkaneas.

They suppressed by

VIOLENCE, OSTRACISM AND INTIMIDATION Republican majority of thirty thousand in Mississippi, and gaining the legislative branch of the State government compelled, by threat-ened and impending impeachment, the resigna-tion or abdication of the Governor and other utive officers They recently attempted to disarm a colored

militia company, peacefully and lawfully as-sembled, and celebrating the nation's birthday, at Hamburg, and, after besieging the exptured a portion of the company besieging them, the acred them while prisoners in their hands. Exhibiting in innumerable instances a treachery, larbarism and an atrocity scarcely paralleled by the Sitting Bull savages of the Rocky Mountains, they have been justly denounced as band tti by reason of the outrageous and lawless character of their designs

and proceedings.

We charge before the country, the Demo cratic party, guided and controlled by these ex-Confederates, with bestowing the patronage of the House of Representatives of the nation not in accordance with the principles of CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

but upon such shining examples of egotist spess and treason as "Riggerman Fitzhugh and "J. Wirkes Booth" Hamblet emoving competent men with the experience of Barclay, and turning out the soldiers of the Union whose gallantry and patriotism defended the very Capitol itself in 1861, '62, '63 and '64, to confer places of emolument and honor upor the men whose chief recommendation consisted ver omitting to honor the representative of the "Lost Cause."

of the "Lost Cause."

Having recapitulated but a few of the most notorious and undisputed misdeeds of Southern Democratic leaders, this association, composed of Republicans from every portion of the south, now sounds the note of warning to our brethren of the North and the CITIZEN SCLDIFRS OF THE UNION,

citizen scholers or the carbon their political predilections, to be not deceived by plausible Lamar, and trust not the men who, having in many parts of the South already overthrown the freedom of the ballot, would now dig here, in this Centennial year, beneath the shadow of the shaft rising to the memory of Washington, the very grave of liberty.

Let us see the Union men of the North, rising as in former years when the Capital was in danger, rally with enthusiasm around the banner of our comrade, Hayes, and by your voice, your votes, your press, sustain and en-courage the patriotic and persecuted Republicans of the South, instead of accepting or repeating too freely the slanders of the comnon enemy, who only waits the opportunity to cour the same measure of contumely upon trusted and honored Republicans, whether they be scalawags of North Carolina, carpet they be scalawags of North Carolina, carpet-baggers of Louisiana, or statesmen of Maine, Indiana, New York, Michigan or Ohio.

THE CHARIOT COMPANY.

Their First Annual Meeting.

The first annual meeting of the Northern Liberty Chariot Company was held yesterday at the company's office on K street, adjoining the new market-house. While the corporation has existed for a year, it must be recollected that the chariots have been running only since the 1st of February last, or little more than six months. The erection of buildings, purchasing of stock and equipping of the line, as was expected, created a heavy expense before the running of the charlots or any income was ereived to balance the outlay. Still, notwithstanding this heavy indebtedness, which had to be met and satisfied, the books of the comcany show it to be in a healthy and prosper pany show it to be in a heating and propertions condition. For the time that the coaches have been 'n operation the receipts have averaged \$2,000 a month, while the expenses were atout \$1,800. During that time there have been only ten chariots on the line. The report of the pres dent, Mr. H. H. Moran, sub-mitted yesterday, shows the assets to be \$32,-790.53; liabilities, \$17,057.11, with a balance n favor of assets of \$15,733.49. In addition to the stables the company own fourteen charlots and seventy-two horses.

They have twenty two hands in their employ. At the time of the recent excessive hot weather when both man and beast succumbed to the beat, they escaped with a loss of five horses, and the death of two of them was thought to have resulted from natural causes.

Mr. J. G. Nailor is the superin endent, and a more competent man could not be secured. The mmediate control of the stock, hostlers and ctarting and regulating the running of the reaches is under the direction of Mr. Edward LeBarnes, who has shown great efficiency in his position, and satisfied the company of his

fitness for the place. The line is now in a prosperous condition. The company have weathered the reverses that too frequently meet young companies, and feel that the per-marency of the line is established. At the meeting of the stockholders the following divetors for the ensuing year were chosen Messrs. James L. Barbour, John A. Baker, W L. Vanderlip, George H. Elliott, George M. Barker, James G. Bowers and C. C. Martin. The directors will meet this evening and elect

MUST BE SOLD, balance of Broken Suits, at less than half value, to make room for fall stock. EISEMAN BROS., FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

[Continued from First Page.] her representation in every branch of the Gov-ernment was so small that the idea of her again obtaining the ascendancy in this great ublic was absurd.

ALL QUESTIONS OF SLAVERY have been eliminated from the political prob-lem, and the South was now fully identified with the instincts and interests of the whole country. They look for prosperity only in that which affects the prosperity of the whole country. If they are united with the Democratic party, they are not so for the purpose of sectional aggrandizement or for the purpose of sgain getting control of the Government. They are united from an instinct of self-preservation. Equally wrong is the apprehension that the success of the Democratic party would result in the nullification of the amend-ments to the Constitution. The people know that the Democratic party is the party of con stitutionality and co nothing in the past history of the party that points to an interference with the Constitupoints to an interference with the Consutu-tion. With regard to the question of slavery, Mr. L. contended that

THE ONLY DIFFERENCE the ONLY DIFFERENCE
between the Democrats and Republicans was
that the former had held out longer than the
latter. He instanced the fact that as late as
1860 a Republican Congress demanded the
strict enforcement of the fugitive slave law,
and that a number of prominent Republican
leaders, including such men as Gov. Morton,
of Indiana, and Gov. Andrew, of Massachusetts, had as late as 1865 denunced the proposetts, had as late as 1865 denounced the propo-sition to give the right of suffrage to the en-franchised slaves. With regard to the charge of alleged outrages in the South, he said that the white people there had no desire whatever o abridge the rights of a single individual.

that often arose were primarily the injection of a new element in the body-politic of the South. In the twinkling of an eye 800,000 slaves had been made voters, and their injection into the politics of the South was enough to shatter any system. He alluded to the fact that when it was proposed to admit New Mexico Repub-licans objected on the ground that the citizens of the Territory could not read and write.

The Pacific coast people had objected to the introduction of the Chinese element, and yet, in a short time and without warning, the negro element was thrown upon the South as a disturbing force. The fact of investing the late siaves with the franchise was looked upon with fear even by Republicans in the North as with fear even by Republicans in the North as well as in the South In this connection Mr. Laman quoted at length from a speech delivered by Scuator (then Governor) MORTON, of Indiana, in

which he reprobated the conferring of the suf-frage upon the late slaves; advocated that they should be placed in a condition of probation for fifteen or twenty years; declared that tion for fifteen or twenty years; declared that to establish negro governments would be to exclude emigration from the South, and insisting that the experiment would be disastrous. If this was Mr. Morron's opinion, speaking way up in Indiana, what must have been the shock to the people of the South when this element was forced into their body politic! If Mr. MORTON had lived in the South he would, with his views have been one of the most views have been one of the most views. with his views, have been one of the most vio

OPPOSITION TO THE SCHEME. The people of the South had a greater interest in this question than those of the North, for they were of necessity compelled to live with the freedmen, and they wanted to make their

freedom a success.

Mr. LAMAR attributed all the evils that had been brought upon the South by reconstruction to the conflict between Congress and President Johnson, His (Johnson's) friend tility, and in order to thwart him the recon struction policy was adopted. As a result all mauner of governments were placed over the Southern States. The people were robbed and plundered. Under the circumstances it was pundered. Under the circumstances it was not at all strange that there should be disturbances, but it was not the fault of the white people of that section.

Mr. LAMAE here quoted at some length from the reports of Mr. FOSTER, of Ohio; Mr. HOAR, of Mass., and other Republicans who had investigated affairs in different Southern States to show that they had in many instances con-

o show that they had in many instances con tics there, and that they had falled to find acts of INTIMIDATION OF NEGROES. He also quoted from the last annual message zens. By force of arms and unblushing traud of the President to show that the latter ad-

mitted that the Southern States had in many instances been subjected to the most trying ordea's. In view of all the wrongs to which they had been subjected, Mr. LAMAR said he could not conceive of a more orderly people than those of the South had been. The people there had been systematically robbed, and when a complaint is made the Federal Government is invoked, not to protect the people there, but to keep them down under lawless and service The race question could be settled in twenty

four hours by any two American statesmen but

for the passions and prejudices that were con-

Fifteenth and G sts., myl8-tf Washington, D. C. tinually being aroused and excited. With ref-erence to the Presidential election, Mr. Laman BOYLSTON, CURNER CLARENDON STREET, BOSTON, CURNER CLARENDON This new and or model of structure is now completed and ready on mode of structure is now completed and ready on the control of success. The base is are proof and contains every modern improvement, including a passenger and baggage elevator. It is eleganity furnished, is centrally located, in the most fashionable part of the city, near the Public Garden, Library and Common, and as convenient to the Railroad Depots and Theatres as any first-class hotel in the city.

No pains or money will be spared to make the Brunswick take rank with the best hotel in this country. said that the Southern people would be glad to WITHDRAW FROM THE CONTEST and let the North settle it if they could con scientiously do so. They do not want to con-trol the country. All that they ask is that the Government may be so administered as to grant them full amnesty and a restoration to equal privileges with the people of the other States of the Union. All they want is equality and the permission to govern their own affairs. Give the South local self-government, and you Street cars pass the door, api-WaSiy J. W. WOLCOTT, Prop'r. would find the fullest prosperity, not only there, but also a revival of industry through out the North. The South would soon then arise from her confusion and distress, and peace 621, 623 & 625 Washington st., Boston

and prosperity would return to the who OFFUSITE GLOBE THEATRE.

Located in the centre of the city, and essily reached
by street-cars and stages. Elevator, steam and all
modern improvements. Become, (European plan.)
If per day upward. A first-class restaurant and
Private Diming-Rooms, if preferred, at modern
rates. The most convenient location modern
at prices adapted to the strangency of the times
are the special advantages afforded at the "BELHOLLY HARDLY A. CO. Progression." When Mr. LAMAR concluded he was greeted with applause and congratulations.

Mr. GARFIELD obtained the floor, and the committee then rose, and the House, at 5:25 p.

A New Mustard Plaster. The medical value of a mustard plaster is understood in every family. Much time is WILLARD'S HOTEL, spent in preparing a poultice, and often the mustard is of poor quality and will not act, causing great suffering. This trying incon-venience is now perfectly overcome by Benson's REMODELED, REFURNISHED. Prepared Mustard Plaster. It is a great im-provement on the ordinary article. It is very clean, and can be applied and removed without discoloring the clothing or soiling the skin It does not deteriorate with age. It is always reliable, as only the best quality of mustard is used in its preparation. It is ready for use at any moment by simply dipping it in water. It is sold in half yard pieces, at 25 cents per Junction of Broadway, Seventh Ave nuc and Forty-second Street,

SEABURY & JOHNSON, Pharmaceutical Chemists, N. Y. Enterprise.

Three blocks west of Grand Central Depot, near Klevated railroad, and but twenty minutes ft Wall street—a new and eleganity-furnished hotel modern improvements. Bates, #1 per day. Lib modern improvements. Asses, terms to families. CHAS. E. LELAND, Proprietor, CHAS. E. LELAND, Proprietor, Of Delavan Heuse, Albany, N. Y., and Clarendon Hotel, Saratoga. We invite especial attention to the facilities afforded by Smith, Birge & Co., 1014 Pennsylvania avenue, in the specialties they advertise of Gold's Heaters and Ranges, Iron Fences Plumbing and Tin Work, Chandeliers-in fact Ebbitt House, almost everything of metal required to fit up a bouse. Purchasers always find it for their in erest to deal with enterprising houses, w

are up with the times in every improvement. Small Handbills 75c. Per Thousand. The NATIONAL REPUBLICAN Job Office prints Small Handbills for seventy-five cents er thousand. Material all new.

AMUSEMENTS.

Superb Wrestling on Friday Evening Next The champion wrestler of the world, Thiebaud Bauer, and William Miller are now in Washington preparing for a contest, to take place at the National theatre on Friday evening of this week. The two matches of these oted athletes in Baltimore drew out great audiences, comprising among them the leading citizers, and the strength, dexterity and grace of the wrestlers created as much genuine ex-citement and elicited as much applause as was ever heard within the walls of the Grand Opera The exhibition was the perfection of physical culture, and it showed thoroughly what proper attention to food, exercise and abstinence will produce in personal health. The exhibition at the National will be the only MR. H. HOPPEL,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Late of the Ebbitt House,)
takes pleasure in amouncing to his friends
and the public that he has removed his place one given in this city, and it will doubtles: arouse very general interest. The same par-ties, Miller and Bauer, had a wrestling contest at the New Music Hall, Boston.

Summer Theatre Comique The attractions at the Comique this week are numerous. The bill commences with the songs and dances of the Parker sisters, and embraces the serio-comic vocalist, Miss Lizzie Thatcher; the negro comedian, Alf Miles; Welch and Rice, George W. Harley, Franklie Christie and others. On Friday night, Jake O'Neal, the tumbler onicon, takes his benefit, when a crowded house is expected.

HENRY R. SEARLE.

ARCHITECT.

710 E Street, Opposite Post Office De-

ARCHITECT,

ALL KINDS OF GENTLEMEN'S CASTff wearing apparel can be sold to the very bes age by addressing or calling on JUSTH, sis I between Sixth and Seventh northwest by mail promptly attended to. Clash paid. ALBERT B. NOERR,

OYSTERS.

Gentlemen and ladies will find it all that could be

HARVEYS

Old-Established Ladies' and Gentlemen's

OYSTER SALOON AND RESTAURANT,

1016 Pennsylvania avenue and Elev-enth street,

The targest Oyster House in the United States. All brands of the finest systers that the briny deep can produce are served with every imaginable dish that can be called for. The Laddes' Saloon is one of the handsomest in all its appointments, and is conducted especially for

HARVEY & HOLDEN, Proprietors.

Open from 6 a. m. until midnight.

Oysters, Terrapin and Game a specialty.

"Harvey," the inventor of Steamed Oysters,

TNSUBE AT HOME.

INSURANCE.

GERMANIA

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF THE

DISTRICT OF COLTMBIA.

CAPITAL

635 F street northwest.

CAPITAL

Board of Trustees—Julius Scherr, Elon Bohrend,
John Schench, Peter Gudenrath, Louis Neurath,
Wm. Ockstadt. E. L. Schmidt, President; Dr. C.
W. Sonnenschmidt, Vice President; Louis Kurtz,
Trassurer; A. E. Brown, Secretary,
Examination Committee—M. H. Homiller, F. W.
Rest, L. Neurath, Elon Behrend, Julius Scherr,
Policies Written at Reduced Hates,
E. L., Schmidt was agent for the Germania Fire
Insurance Company of New York for nine years,
discharging the duties of his office to the entire
satisfaction of the company, as attested by letters of
Mr. Garrigue, president of said company, which
may be seen at Mr. Schmidt's office, 635 F street.

Jy.-im

GERMANIA

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

NEW YORK CITY.

The oldest German Joint Stock Company in the United States. Founded 1859. Cash Capital 800, 00. Cash assets \$1.750.000. A gency in Washington, b, C., B, F, STEIGER, \$11 Seventh street.

O. Cash assets 1.730.000. Agency in Washington, D. C., B. F. STEIGER, Sill Seventh street.

A small local concern with nominally \$00,000, which is only partially paid up, displays as sign with an imitation of our firm name, which coupled with the fact that our former agent is now the president of that concern, is calculated to deceive. Our friends and customers are therefore advised that our only agency in Washington is at No. 51 Seventh street, and our sole agent B. F. Striger.

RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, President, HUGO SCHUMANN, Secretary. je33-FMW2m

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL

LIFE INSUBANCE COMPANY.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.-CRAGANIZED 1846,

Assets, January 1, 1876, \$32,404,550.92; surplus, \$4,504,551.92; increase of assets, \$2,506,554.92. JAMES GOODWIN, President; JACOB L. GREENE, Secretary; JOHN M. TAYLOR, Assistant Secretary.

A. C. GIBBS, General Agent for District of Columbia, 165 Penna, ave., over Milburn's Drug Store, ap4-MW Fün

HOTELS & RESTAURANTS.

HOTEL LAFAYETTE,

Philadelphia, Pa.,

ON BROAD STREET.

perween Chestnut and Walnut, open during the first week in August, I on both European and American

acted on both European and American plans.

JOHN B. BAGLEY, Jan.,

Formerly of Willard's, Washington, D. C.

ANTON SCHAFFER,

Formerly Union League Club, Philadelphia,

ly20-Th8&Tulm

Managers.

TO CENTENNIAL VISITORS.

BINGHAM HOUSE

Cor. Eleventh and Market Streets, PHILADELPHIA.

TERMS: \$3.50 per Day.

CURLIS DAVIS, Proprietor.

FOR ONE WEEK OR LONGER, ES PER DAY

HOY & CLARK'S

PARLOR SALOON,

No. 1226 Pennsylvania avenue, between Tweifth and Thirteenth streets. Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars. COOL LAGER drawn from wood. jc23-tf

RIGGS HOUSE

Plumer & Spofford, Proprietors,

BELMONT HOTEL.

OPPOSITE GLOBE THEATRE.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

FIFTY PRIVATE BATH-ROOMS

ROSSMORE HOTEL,

NEW YORK CITY.

C. C. WILLARD.

WASHINGTON, D. .C

MERCHANT TAILORS.

JAMES THOMPSON,

LE DROIT BUILDING,

I TRY TO KEEP THE BEST.

DON'T ASK THE PUBLIC TO BUY, BUT I DO ASK THEM TO CALL AND EXAMINE MY STOCK, Which is the

Largest and Best Selected in the City.

GEORGE T. KEEN,

229 F st. N.W., cor. Thirteenth and F,

PINEST SELECTION OF GOODS

PIRST-CLASS STYLE.

Merchant Tailor and Gent's Furnish-ing Goods,

1318 F street northwest,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,

SUITABLE FOR SPRING AND SUMMER WRAE.

He is prepared to make them up in the best work manship and latest styles AT REASONABLE

Dealer in First-class

BEEF, VEAL, LAMB, MUTTON, &c.

CORNED BEEF A SPECIALTY.

Stalls 228, 420 and 430 Centre Market, Ninth-streeting, and 206 and 206 Northern Liberty Market, of address Box 713, City Post Office. Marketing delivered, free of charge, to all parts of the city, Jy30-4.

JOHN R. KELLEY,

received a very elegant assortment of

GEO. BERGLING,

his side of New York, which he is propared

t prices to suit the times.

CALL AND BE CONVINCED.

Merchant Tailor.

414 Ninth St. northwest

Call and examine my stock.

HARDY & CO., Proprietors.

AND ELEVATOR ADDED.

tvileo-3m

WASHINGTON, D. C.

RUSSELL & LEONARD'S NEW DINING ROOMS.

will take piace at this hotel on FRIDAY NIGHT, August II, 1876. Former guests and others wishing to enjoy the occasion are invited to attend. NEW MARBLE BUILDING, orner of Pennsylvania avenue and Ninth street GRAND FAMILY PESTIVAL, GIVEN neft of the courch, will be held at BEYER'S SEVENTH-STREET PARK. upplied with every dedicacy of the season. The inest oysters are served in every style. The house Tickets 25 etc.: children under 12 years, 15 cts.
N. E. - The Festival will open at 2 p. m., and senting until 12 ctock to the postponed until TUESDAY.
August 6, same time 250 place. [Slar] and he city for business men and strangers, OPEN FROM 6 A. M. UNTIL 12 P. M.

SCHULTZEN FEST EXTRA.

If the Weather is Faverable

AMUSEMENTS, &C.

(Morgan county, W. Va.,) A. W. KIRKWOOD, Mawager, A GRAND FANCY DRESS BALL

BERRELEY SPRINGS HOTEL.

TODAY

The FEST will be Continued the Balance of the Week, Including

EATURDAY.

If Unfavorable the Balance of the

FEST will Take Place on MONDAY, TUESDAY

WEDNESDAY.

GRECO-ROMAN WRESTLING MATCH.

NATIONAL THEATRE, FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 4,

WM. MILLER AND THIEBAUD BAUER. Who have recently had two contests in Baltimore displaying physical culture in its highest excellence "Roselind-Young man, have you challenged Charles, the wrestler?"
"Orlando-I came but in, as others do, to try the strength of my youth."—Shakepeare,

The match will be for 8500 a side.

Admission: First floor, \$1: secured seats, \$1.25. econd floor, 75c.; secured seats, \$1. Gallery, 50c.

Seats can be secured on and after Wednesday at 9
m. at the Theatry. SUMMER THEATRE COMIQUE-SUMMER THEATRE COMIQUEMONDAY, July IN NOIPILY AND MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURAY - First
appearance here of the beautiful and tabling sougand-dance artists, the Parker Sisteman is sougment of the celebrated parior acrobats, the Virporeiti Brothers. Engagement of the accomplished
serio-comic vocalist, Miss Lizzie Thatcher. Engagement of the renowned negro comedian, Mr.
Alf Milet. Welch and Rice, Geo. W. Harley, Geo.
Thatcher, Will H. Morton, Frankie Christie and
our mammoth company in a rare bill of excellence.
Friday night, August 4, complimentary testimonial
to our Tumbieronicon, Mr. Jake C. Neil, spon
which occasion Mesers, Murchy and Mack, Weslyn
and Casey and a host of other volunteers will appear. Goldstein's advertisement as namal. 1921-6t
OLD No. ON EXHIBITION (NEW NO.

OLD No. ON EXHIBITION (NEW NO. 486 And Sale 439 Tre St.) MARKRITER'S. No. 639 Seventh street, between D and E streets, eignt doors above 0dd Fellows hall.
Choice Oil Paintings, Engravings, Chromos, &c., Also, largest stock of Paperhangings, Window Shades, Pictures, Frames, Picture Cords and Tagels, Rings, Nails, &c., in the District.

## TERMS CASH.
Please remember name and number, 1923-tf

EXCURSIONS. SECOND ANNEAL MOONLIGHT EX-TOUNG PEOPLE'S ASSOCIATION
OF WAUGH M. E. CRURCH,
THURSDAY, Aug. 3, 1876, on the Steamer MARY
WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON.

Boat leaves Sevenib-street wharf at 6 p. m. sharp, returning at 12, midnight. Cars will be in waiting on arrival of boat. Vocal and instrumental music, refreshments. &c. Tickets, 50 cents; gentiemen and lady, 75 cents. For saie by C. C. Pursell and at the boat. XCURSIONS, PICNICS AND PARTIES
would do well to advertise with the Calcium
Light Advertising Company, who display advertisements at Ninth and Pennsylvania arente every
pensons evening. Office St. Cloud's Building,
Rooms of and 20.

ON THE MARY WASHINGTON. Delightful trips to the invigorating salt air of the

Delighted trips to the antisystem.

Inwer Potomac every

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

The boat leaves Seventh-street wharf at 5:55 p. m.,
and returns at 11:15. Tickets, 40 cents, at the Holly

Tree Lunch Room and at the boat.

N. B.—Day trips will be given from time to time
in connection with churches and Sunday schools, of in connection with churches and Sunday schools, o which due notice will be given. Churches, Sunday schools, &c., that purpos giving excursions will find it greatly to their advan-tage to confer with the Lyceum Burcau, 36 Ninti street, before completing arrangements. 1928-tf

TO RICHMOND AND RETURN

\$8! SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1876. BRAD ADAMS

Will give the first of a series of Excursions, BY RAIL, to the above-named place, on the 3th instant, in order that all may have an opportunity of visiting that historical city, the price of the tickets has been fixed at \$i a round trip. The train will leave Sixthstreet depot at 11 p. in., and will return to Washington carly Mouday morning, thus afording ample time to visit all the pieces of interest. Special palace cars for ladies, also extra car colored people will be provided.

Tickets can be procured at all the principal Hotels, Muric and Drug stores and at the Depot on the evening of the axeursion.

83 TO RICHMOND AND RETURN EXCURSION TO THE CAPES. The steamer JANE MOSELEY at 8 p. m., during the season, for Fortress Monroe, Norfork and the Capes of Virginia, stopping at Finey Point Looksut, returning to Washin o'clock Monday morning, Apply a Metfopolitan bank, Fifteenth street,

EVENING EXCURSION ON THE JANE MOSELEY,

TO MARSHALL HALL AND GLYMONT,

Leaving wharf, foot of Sixth and O streets, eyer; TUESDAY and THURSDAY, at 6 going as marshall Hall and Glymont going and returning.

Fare-Round trip, 20 cents; Children under twelve years, with parents, free.

CUNDAY EXCURSIONS MARY WASHINGTON

Will hereafter be made only to MOUNT VERNON SPRINGS, where no intexicating drinks will be sold on the grounds or boat. Two trips, leaving Seventh-street wharf at 10 a.m., returning at 3 p.m., fire Forty cents. Second trip, leaving at 4 p.m., returning at 8 p.f. for Twenty-dwe cents. Those going on the first trip can return on the second trip free of charge. Befreshments, the including good country milk, can be had so the grounds. Fersons wishing to spend a pleasant day in the country, where good water and shade abound, can do it. 1919-tf

QUNDAY EXCURSION. THE Lady of the Lake

Will make regular excursion trips, leaving her wharf, foot of Sixth street, at 3 p. m., for a five hours' ride on the Potomac, stopping at Glymont going and returning, arriving home promptly at 8 p. m.

Fare 36 cents; children half price.

Seventh and Ninth-street cars go directly to the hoat. MOUNT VERNON.-TOMB OF WASH-

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